

Recombinant antigen FRA for *Trypanosoma cruzi*

CATALOG NUMBER: RAG0005

LOT NUMBER: #

RECOMBINANT ANTIGEN: *Trypanosoma cruzi* antigen FRA (Foti *et al.*, 2009).

DESCRIPTION: the *T. cruzi* antigen FRA has been prepared as a recombinant antigen fused to a GST-his-tag in its N-terminal. It corresponds to the *T. cruzi* cytoskeleton associated protein.

PRESENTATION: liquid protein solution

SOURCE: *Escherichia coli*

MOLECULAR WEIGHT: determined by SDS-PAGE, the protein band is between molecular markers of 45,000-66,200 Da, while relative molecular mass calculated from amino acid sequence is 49,832.5 Da.

BATCH COMPOSITION:

COMPONENTS	COMPOSITION
GST-his-FRA	recombinant antigen with a GST-tag and a his-tag in its N-terminus
Storage buffer	50 mM Tris-HCl, pH 8 and 10 mM Glutathione

QUALITY CONTROL:

1. PROTEIN CONCENTRATION DETERMINED ESPECTROPHOTOMETRICALLY

$DO_{280} = 0.922$
 $A_{0.1\%} (=1 \text{ g/l}) = 0.895$
 CONCENTRATION*: 1.03 mg/ml

* The measurement of the protein concentration has been performed with the theoretical extinction coefficient of the recombinant protein obtained from Gill and vonHippel, 1989

2. PURITY CONTROL IN SDS-PAGE: 12%

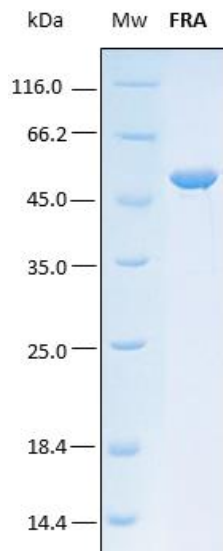


Figure 1. SDS-PAGE analysis (12%) of 1 μ l of recombinant FRA. Purity is > 98% as determined by gel electrophoresis.

3. TITRATION CURVE BY AN ELISA ASSAY

The titer has been suggested in reference to an "in-house" ELISA kit performed at Rekom Biotech.

Each end user should carry out his own titration for his particular application.

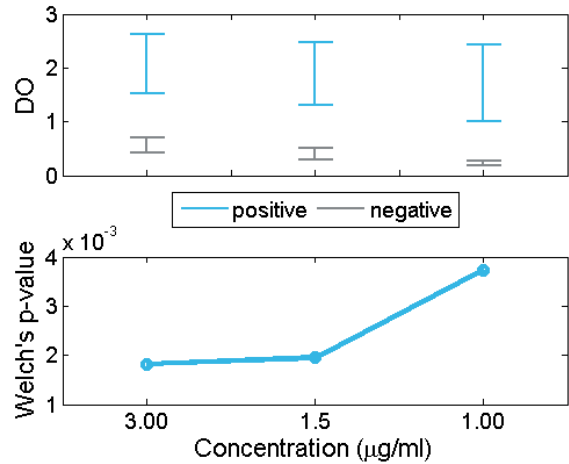


Figure 2. In this plot, the optical density at 450/620 nm for positive (blue) and negative (gray) IgG sera for Chagas disease are compared for each concentration of the recombinant antigen. An appropriate statistical test of significance for the comparison of means between both groups, the Welch's test, is employed. Eligible concentrations for the use of the antigen should present statistically significant differences between positive and negative sera. This happens when the intervals at the top do not overlap and, equivalently, when the p-value at the bottom is below 0.05. In the present figure, all p-values are below 0.05 and thus the intervals do not overlap. Therefore, any of the showed concentrations can be used to distinguish between positive and negative sera.

4. ABSENCE OF PRECIPITATION AFTER A FREEZING AND THAWING CYCLE: ok

LOT SPECIFICATIONS:

- CONCENTRATION:** 1.03 mg/ml
- TOTAL QUANTITY PER ALIQUOT:** 1 mg
- TOTAL VOLUME PER ALIQUOT:** 1.02 ml
- SUGGESTED TITER BY ELISA:** up to 1/1,030, which corresponds to 1 $\mu\text{g/ml}$ of protein concentration in plates for IgG detection.
- STORAGE:** Protein is shipped with dry ice. Upon arrival, it should be aliquoted in order to avoid repeated freezing and thawing cycles and stored at -20°C to -80°C
- APPLICATIONS:** ELISA and Western blot assays. Where this product has not been tested for use in a particular technique, this does not necessarily exclude its use in such procedures. Suggested working dilutions are given as a guide only. It is recommended that the user titrates.
- OBSERVATIONS:** proteins should be maintained frozen at high concentrations. The dilution to be performed for ELISA assays should be made with a small quantity of

protein, the same day of the experiment. In order to defrost the protein, maintain the aliquot at 25°C without shaking to avoid aggregation. Prior making test dilutions and after defrosting the protein, is recommended to remove possible protein aggregates by centrifuging the stock solution, avoiding alterations in the immobilization of the biomolecule to the solid surface.

RELATED PRODUCTS:

1F8, B13, ChimChagas1, ChimChagas2.

BIBLIOGRAPHY:

Foti, L., Fonseca B. de P., Nascimento, L. D., Marques C. de F., da Silva E. D., Duarte, C. A., Probst C. M., Goldenberg, S., Pinto, A. G. and Krieger, M. A. Viability study of a multiplex diagnostic platform for Chagas diseases. 2009, *Mems.Instituto Oswaldo Cruz*, 104:136-41.

Gill SC, von Hippel PH. Calculation of protein extinction coefficients from amino acid sequence data. *Anal Biochem.* 1989 Nov 1;182(2):319-26.

Important Notes: During shipment, small volumes of product will occasionally become entrapped in the seal of the product vial. For products with volumes of 200 µl or less, we recommend gently tapping the vial on a hard surface or briefly centrifuging the vial in a tabletop centrifuge to dislodge any liquid in the containers cap.

Although recombinant antigens are expressed in non-pathogenic *E. coli* and bacterial integrity is destroyed during purification, the antigen preparation should be handled as potentially infectious.

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