

Recombinant allergen Ole e 2 for Olea europaea (olive tree)

CATALOG NUMBER: RAL0010

LOT NUMBER: #

RECOMBINANT ALLERGEN: Olea europaea ole (Martinez et al., 2002).

DESCRIPTION: the *Olea europaea* profiling-1 protein ole e 2 has been prepared as the recombinant mature protein fused to a his-tag.

PRESENTATION: liquid protein solution

SOURCE: Escherichia coli

MOLECULAR WEIGHT: determined by SDS-PAGE, the protein band is between molecular markers of 25,000 and 18,400 Da, while relative molecular mass calculated from amino acid sequence is 20,542.1 Da.

BATCH COMPOSITION:

COMPONENTS	COMPOSITION
his-ole e 2	recombinant allergen with a his-tag
Storage buffer	50 mM HEPES buffer pH 8.5 and 0.1 M KCl

QUALITY CONTROL:

CONCENTRATION **DETERMINED PROTEIN ESPECTROPHOTOMETRICALLY**

 $DO_{280} = 1.27$

 $A_{0.1\%}$ (=1 g/l) = 0.904 CONCENTRATION*: 1.4 mg/ml

2. PURITY CONTROL IN SDS-PAGE: 15%

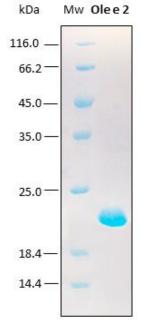


Figure 1. SDS-PAGE analysis (15%) of 5 μ l of recombinant allergen. Purity is >95% as determined by electrophoresis.

3. ANALYSIS BY AN ELISA ASSAY

This biomarker has been evaluated in an external study carried out at a Spanish hospital by a group of allergists with positive and negative serum samples from patients. The evaluation of the recombinant allergens has been performed by means of an in-house ELISA assay. In this immunoassay, it has been determined the presence of specific IgE in sera that had previously been validated by skin prick testing (SPT) and the UniCAP® test. The sera panel for this study was composed of 25 positive and 10 negative specimen sera.

The recombinant allergen ole e 2 detected 10 positive sera out of 25 (40% incidence) with higher prevalence of sera with titers of 0.70-3.5 IU/ml (international units per milliliter; 1 IU is equivalent to 2.42 ng of IgE).

4. ABSENCE OF PRECIPITATION AFTER A FREEZING AND THAWING CYCLE: ok

LOT SPECIFICATIONS:

1. CONCENTRATION: 1.4 mg/ml

2. TOTAL QUANTITY PER ALIQUOT: 1 mg

3. TOTAL VOLUME PER ALIQUOT: 0.749 ml

4. STORAGE: Protein is shipped with dry ice. Upon arrival, it should be aliquoted to avoid repeated freezing and thawing cycles and stored at -20°C to -80°C. In order to defrost the protein, maintain the aliquot at 25°C without shaking to avoid aggregation.

5. TESTED APPLICATIONS: ELISA.

- 6. POSIBLE APPLICATIONS: WB, DB, Indirect ELISA, positive control in direct ELISA, CLIA, lateral-flow. Where this product has not been tested for use in a particular technique, this does not necessarily exclude its use in such procedures. Suggested working dilutions are given as a guide only. It is recommended that the user titrates.
- **7. OBSERVATIONS:** proteins should be maintained frozen at high concentrations. In order to defrost the protein, maintain the aliquot at 25°C without shaking to avoid aggregation. Prior making test dilutions and after defrosting the protein, is recommended to remove possible protein aggregates by centrifuging the stock solution, avoiding alterations in the immobilization of the biomolecule to the solid surface.

RELATED PRODUCTS:

Ole e 1, Ole e 5.

BIBLIOGRAPHY:

Martinez, A., Asturias, JA, Monteseirin, J., Moreno, V., García-Cubillana, A., hernández, M., de la calle, A., Sánchez-hernández, C., Pérez-formoso, J.L. and J. Conde. The allergenic relevance of profiling (Ole e 2) from Olea europaea pollen. 2002, Allergy 71:17-23.





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 $^{^{\}ast}$ The measurement of the protein concentration has been performed with the theoretical extinction coefficient of the recombinant protein obtained from Gill and vonHippel, 1989. It is recommended that the users carry out their absorbance determinations to avoid equipment variabilities regarding final concentration, mainly in reproducibility analysis.



Gill SC, von Hippel PH. Calculation of protein extinction coefficients from amino acid sequence data. *Anal Biochem.* 1989 Nov 1;182(2):319-26.

Important Notes: During shipment, small volumes of product will occasionally become entrapped in the seal of the product vial. For products with volumes of 200 µl or less, we recommend gently tapping the vial on a hard surface or briefly centrifuging the vial in a tabletop centrifuge to dislodge any liquid in the containers cap.

Although recombinant antigens are expressed in non-pathogenic *E. coli* and bacterial integrity is destroyed during purification, the antigen preparation should be handled as potentially infectious.

FOR RESEARCH AND COMMERCIAL USE IN VITRO: not for human in vivo or therapeutic use.

