

Recombinant antigen flagellin for Salmonella typhi

CATALOG NUMBER: RAG0032

LOT NUMBER: #

RECOMBINANT ANTIGEN: phase 1 flagellin protein of Salmonella typhi (Sukosol et al., 1993)

DESCRIPTION: some of the antigenic regions of the *Salmonella typhi* 52 kDa flagellin protein produced by the *fliC* gene, have been prepared as a recombinant antigen fused to a his-tag in its N-terminus.

PRESENTATION: liquid protein solution

SOURCE: Escherichia coli

MOLECULAR WEIGHT: determined by SDS-PAGE, the protein band is between molecular markers of 35,000-25,000 Da, while relative molecular mass calculated from amino acid sequence is 20,920.96 Da.

BATCH COMPOSITION:

COMPONENTS	COMPOSITION
his-flagellin	recombinant antigen with a his-tag in its N-terminus
Storage buffer	50 mM MES pH 6.5, 0.1 M KCl and 0.1% polyoxyethylene (10) tridecyl ether

QUALITY CONTROL:

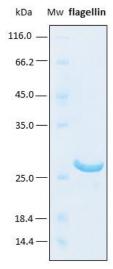
1. PROTEIN CONCENTRATION DETERMINED ESPECTROPHOTOMETRICALLY

 $DO_{280} = 0.95$

A $_{0.1}$ % (=1 g/I) = 0.761

CONCENTRATION*: 1.24 mg/ml

2. PURITY CONTROL IN SDS-PAGE: 15%



3. POSITIVE CONTROL DETECTION BY AN ELISA ASSAY

The assay was performed by an "in-house" ELISA developed at Rekom Biotech. Each end user should carry out his own titration for a particular application.

The assay was performed with a goat positive control serum and a negative human serum. The value of the positive/negative ratio obtained is between 14-20.

4. ABSENCE OF PRECIPITATION AFTER A FREEZING AND THAWING CYCLE: ok

LOT SPECIFICATIONS:

1. CONCENTRATION: 1.24 mg/ml

2. TOTAL QUANTITY PER ALIQUOT: 1 mg

3. TOTAL VOLUME PER ALIQUOT: 0.806 ml

- **4. SUGGESTED TITER BY ELISA:** up to 1:1,240, which corresponds to 1 μ g/ml of protein concentration in plates for IgG detection.
- **5. STORAGE:** Protein is shipped with dry ice. Upon arrival, it should be aliquoted to avoid repeated freezing and thawing cycles and stored at -20°C to -80°C. In order to defrost the protein, maintain the aliquot at 25°C without shaking to avoid aggregation.
- 6. TESTED APPLICATIONS: ELISA.
- **7. POSIBLE APPLICATIONS:** WB, DB, Indirect ELISA, positive control in direct ELISA, CLIA, lateral-flow. Where this product has not been tested for use in a particular technique, this does not necessarily exclude its use in such procedures. Suggested working dilutions are given as a guide only. It is recommended that the user titrates.
- **8. OBSERVATIONS:** proteins should be maintained frozen at high concentrations. The dilution to be performed for ELISA assays should be made with a small quantity of protein, the same day of the experiment. Once reconstituted and in order to defrost the protein, maintain the aliquot at 25°C without shaking to avoid aggregation. Prior making test dilutions and after defrost the protein, is recommended to remove possible protein aggregates by centrifuging the stock solution, avoiding alterations in the immobilization of the biomolecule to the solid surface.

RELATED PRODUCTS:

ОМР





^{*} The measurement of the protein concentration has been performed with the theoretical extinction coefficient of the recombinant protein obtained from Gill and vonHippel, 1989. It is recommended that the users carry out their absorbance determinations to avoid equipment variabilities regarding final concentration, mainly in reproducibility analysis.



BIBLIOGRAPHY:

Sukosol T, Sarasombath S, Mongkolsuk S, Songsivilai S, Chaiyaroj S, Pongsunk S, Ekpo P. Molecular cloning and expression of *Salmonella typhi* flagellin: characterization of 52 kDa specific antigen of S. *typhi*. Asian Pac J Allergy Immunol 1993; 11: 57-69.

Gill SC, von Hippel PH. Calculation of protein extinction coefficients from amino acid sequence data. *Anal Biochem.* 1989 Nov 1;182(2):319-26.

Important Notes: During shipment, small volumes of product will occasionally become entrapped in the seal of the product vial. For products with volumes of 200 µl or less, we recommend gently tapping the vial on a hard surface or briefly centrifuging the vial in a tabletop centrifuge to dislodge any liquid in the containers cap.

Although recombinant antigens are expressed in non-pathogenic *E. coli* and bacterial integrity is destroyed during purification, the antigen preparation should be handled as potentially infectious.

FOR RESEARCH AND COMMERCIAL USE IN VITRO: not for human in vivo or therapeutic use.



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